THORNBURY TOWN COUNCIL



Retention and Disposal Policy

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1. INTRODUCTION

- 1.1 The Council accumulates a vast amount of information and data during the course of its everyday activities. This includes data generated internally in addition to information obtained from individuals and external organisations. This information is recorded in various different types of document.
- 1.2 Records created and maintained by the Council are an important asset and as such measures need to be undertaken to safeguard this information. Properly managed records provide authentic and reliable evidence of the Council's transactions and are necessary to ensure it can demonstrate accountability.
- 1.3 Documents may be retained in either 'hard' paper form or in electronic forms. For the purpose of this policy, 'document' and 'record' refers to both hard copy and electronic records.
- 1.4 It is imperative that documents are retained for an adequate period of time. If documents are destroyed prematurely the Council and individual officers concerned could face prosecution for not complying with legislation and it could cause operational difficulties, reputational damage and difficulty in defending any claim brought against the Council.
- 1.5 In contrast to the above the Council should not retain documents longer than is necessary. Timely disposal should be undertaken to ensure compliance with the General Data Protection Regulations so that personal information is not retained longer than necessary. This will also ensure the most efficient use of limited storage space, and reduce unnecessary administrative burden when searching for records, including when responding to Freedom of Information Requests.

2. SCOPE AND OBJECTIVES OF THE POLICY

- 2.1 The aim of this document is to provide a working framework to determine which documents are:
 - Retained and for how long; or
 - Disposed of and if so by what method.
- 2.2 There are some records that do not need to be kept at all or that are routinely destroyed in the course of business. This usually applies to information that is duplicated, unimportant or only of a short-term value. Unimportant records of information include:
 - 'With compliments' slips
 - Catalogues and trade journals
 - Non-acceptance of invitations
 - Trivial electronic mail messages that are not related to Council business
 - Requests for information such as maps, plans or advertising material
 - Out of date distribution lists
- 2.3 Duplicated and superseded material such as stationery, manuals, drafts, forms, address books and reference copies of annual reports may be destroyed.
- 2.4 Records should not be destroyed if the information can be used as evidence to prove that something has happened. If destroyed it needs to be disposed of under the General Data Protection Regulations

3. ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES FOR DOCUMENT RETENTION AND DISPOSAL

- 3.1 Councils are responsible for determining whether to retain or dispose of documents and should undertake a review of this policy at least once every three years to ensure that any unnecessary documentation being held is disposed of under the General Data Protection Regulations.
- 3.2 Councils should ensure that all employees are aware of the retention/disposal schedule.

4. DOCUMENT RETENTION PROTOCOL

- 4.1 Councils should have in place an adequate system for documenting the activities of their service. This system should take into account the legislative and regulatory environments to which they work.
- 4.2 Records of each activity should be complete and accurate enough to allow employees and their successors to undertake appropriate actions in the context of their responsibilities to:
 - Facilitate an audit or examination of the business by anyone so authorised.
 - Protect the legal and other rights of the Council, its clients and any other persons affected by its actions.
 - Verify individual consent to record, manage and record disposal of their personal data.
 - Provide authenticity of the records so that the evidence derived from them is shown to be credible and authoritative.
- 4.3 To facilitate this the following principles should be adopted:
 - Records created and maintained should be arranged in a record-keeping system that will enable quick and easy retrieval of information under the General Data Protection Regulations
 - Documents that are no longer required for operational purposes but need retaining should be placed at the County Records Office.
- 4.4 The retention schedules in Appendix A: List of Documents for Retention or Disposal provide guidance on the recommended minimum retention periods for specific classes of documents and records. These schedules have been compiled from recommended best practice from the Public Records Office, the Records Management Society of Great Britain and in accordance with relevant legislation.
- 4.5 Whenever there is a possibility of litigation, the records and information that are likely to be affected should not be amended or disposed of until the threat of litigation has been removed.

5. DOCUMENT DISPOSAL PROTOCOL

- 5.1 Documents should only be disposed of if reviewed in accordance with the following:
 - Is retention required to fulfil statutory or other regulatory requirements?
 - Is retention required to meet the operational needs of the service?
 - Is retention required to evidence events in the case of dispute?
 - Is retention required because the document or record is of historic interest or intrinsic value?
- 5.2 When documents are scheduled for disposal the method of disposal should be appropriate to the nature and sensitivity of the documents concerned. A record of the disposal will be kept to comply with the General Data Protection Regulations.

- 5.3 Documents can be disposed of by any of the following methods:
 - Non-confidential records: place in wastepaper bin for disposal.
 - Confidential records or records giving personal information: shred documents.
 - Deletion of computer records.
 - Transmission of records to an external body such as the County Records Office.
- 5.4 The following principles should be followed when disposing of records:
 - All records containing personal or confidential information should be destroyed at the end
 of the retention period. Failure to do so could lead to the Council being prosecuted under
 the General Data Protection Regulations.
 - the Freedom of Information Act or cause reputational damage.
 - Where computer records are deleted steps should be taken to ensure that data is 'virtually impossible to retrieve' as advised by the Information Commissioner.
 - Where documents are of historical interest it may be appropriate that they are transmitted to the County Records office or the Thornbury and District Museum.
 - Back-up copies of documents should also be destroyed (including electronic or photographed documents unless specific provisions exist for their disposal).
- 5.5 Records should be maintained of appropriate disposals. These records should contain the following information:
 - The name of the document destroyed.
 - The date the document was destroyed.
 - The method of disposal.

6. DATA PROTECTION ACT 2018 – OBLIGATION TO DISPOSE OF CERTAIN DATA

6.1 The Data Protection Act 2018 ('Fifth Principle') requires that personal information must not be retained longer than is necessary for the purpose for which it was originally obtained. Section 1 of the Data Protection Act defines personal information as:

Data that relates to a living individual who can be identified:

- a) from the data, or
- b) from those data and other information which is in the possession of, or is likely to come into the possession of the data controller.

It includes any expression of opinion about the individual and any indication of the intentions of the Council or other person in respect of the individual.

- 6.2 The Data Protection Act provides an exemption for information about identifiable living individuals that is held for research, statistical or historical purposes to be held indefinitely provided that the specific requirements are met.
- 6.3 Councils are responsible for ensuring that they comply with the principles of the General Data Protection Regulations namely:
 - Personal data is processed fairly and lawfully and, in particular, shall not be processed unless specific conditions are met
 - Personal data shall only be obtained for specific purposes and processed in a compatible manner
 - Personal data shall be adequate, relevant, but not excessive
 - Personal data shall be accurate and up to date
 - Personal data shall not be kept for longer than is necessary
 - Personal data shall be processed in accordance with the rights of the data subject
 - Personal data shall be kept secure

6.4 External storage providers or archivists that are holding Council documents must also comply with the above principles of the General Data Protection Regulations.

7. SCANNING OF DOCUMENTS

- 7.1 In general, once a document has been scanned on to a document image system the original becomes redundant. There is no specific legislation covering the format for which local government records are retained following electronic storage, except for those prescribed by HM Revenue and Customs.
- 7.2 Original documents required for VAT and tax purposes should be retained for six years unless a shorter period has been agreed with HM Revenue and Customs.

8. REVIEW OF DOCUMENT RETENTION

- 8.1 It is planned to review, update and where appropriate amend this document on a regular basis (at least every three years in accordance with the Code of Practice on the Management of Records issued by the Lord Chancellor).
- This document has been compiled from various sources of recommended best practice and with reference to the following documents and publications:
 - Local Council Administration, Charles Arnold-Baker, 12th edition, Chapter 11
 - NALC LTN 40 Local Councils' Documents and Records, January 2013
 - NALC LTN 37 Freedom of Information, July 2009
 - Lord Chancellor's Code of Practice on the Management of Records issued under Section 46 of the Freedom of Information Act 2000

9. LIST OF DOCUMENTS

9.1 The full list of the Council's documents and the procedures for retention or disposal can be found in Appendix A: List of Documents for Retention and Disposal. This is updated regularly in accordance with any changes to legal requirements.

Appendix A: List of Documents for Retention or Disposal

DOCUMENT	MINIMUM RETENTION PERIOD	REASON	DISPOSAL
Minutes	Indefinite	Archive	Original signed paper copies of
			Council minutes of meetings must
			be kept indefinitely in safe storage.
			At regular intervals of not more
			than 5 years they must be archived
			and deposited with the County
			Records Office.
Agendas	5 years	Management	Bin (shred confidential waste)
Accident/incident reports	20 years	Potential claims	Confidential waste.
Scale of fees and charges	6 years	Management	Bin
Receipt and payment accounts	Indefinite	Archive	N/A
Receipt books of all kinds	6 years	VAT	Bin
Bank statements including	Last completed audit year	Audit	Confidential waste
deposit/savings accounts			
Bank paying-in books	Last completed audit year	Audit	Confidential waste
Cheque book stubs	Last completed audit year	Audit	Confidential waste
Quotations and tenders	6 years	Limitation Act 1980 (as amended)	Confidential waste
Paid invoices	6 years	VAT	Confidential waste
Paid cheques	6 years	Limitation Act 1980 (as amended)	Confidential waste
VAT records	6 years generally but 20 years for VAT on	VAT	Confidential waste
	rents		
Petty cash, postage and telephone	6 years	Tax, VAT, Limitation Act 1980 (as	Confidential waste
books		amended)	
Timesheets	Last completed audit year	Audit (requirement)	Bin
	3 years	Personal injury (best practice)	
Wages books/payroll	12 years	Superannuation	Confidential waste
Insurance policies	While valid (but see next two items	Management	Bin
	below)		
Insurance company names and	Indefinite	Management	N/A
policy numbers			
Certificates for insurance against	40 years from date on which insurance	The Employers' Liability (Compulsory	Bin
liability for employees	commenced or was renewed	Insurance) Regulations 1998 (SI 2753)	
		Management	

MINIMUM RETENTION PERIOD	REASON	DISPOSAL
21 years		
Indefinite	Audit, Management	N/A
Indefinite	Audit, Management	N/A
6 years	Tax, Limitation Act 1980 (as amended)	Confidential waste.
Retained for as long as is useful and		Bin
relevant		
The council may keep such information		May retain, or pass to county
indefinitely to be securely kept for the		archives/Thornbury and District
benefit of the Parish. However, it may be		Museum
more appropriate for such information to		
be lodged with County Records Office, or		
the Thornbury and District Museum		
Council may wish to keep its own	The Legal Deposit Libraries Act 2003	Bin if applicable
publications.	(The 2003 Act) requires a local council	
	which after 1 February 2024 has	
For others retain for as long as they are	published works in print (this includes	
useful and relevant.	a pamphlet, magazine, or newspaper,	
	a map, plan, chart or table) to deliver,	
	at its own expense, a copy of them to	
	the British Library Board (which	
	manages and controls the British	
	Library). Printed works as defined by	
	the 2003 Act published by a local	
	council therefore constitute materials	
	which the British Library holds.	
The electronic files will be backed up on a	Management	Documentation no longer required
cloud-based programme supplied by the		will be disposed of ensuring any
Council's IT company.		confidential documents are
		destroyed as confidential waste.
	<u> </u>	İ
	Indefinite Indefinite 6 years Retained for as long as is useful and relevant The council may keep such information indefinitely to be securely kept for the benefit of the Parish. However, it may be more appropriate for such information to be lodged with County Records Office, or the Thornbury and District Museum Council may wish to keep its own publications. For others retain for as long as they are useful and relevant.	Indefinite Indefinite Audit, Management Audit, Management Audit, Management Frequence Tax, Limitation Act 1980 (as amended) The council may keep such information indefinitely to be securely kept for the benefit of the Parish. However, it may be more appropriate for such information to be lodged with County Records Office, or the Thornbury and District Museum Council may wish to keep its own publications. The Legal Deposit Libraries Act 2003 (The 2003 Act) requires a local council which after 1 February 2024 has published works in print (this includes a pamphlet, magazine, or newspaper, a map, plan, chart or table) to deliver, at its own expense, a copy of them to the British Library Board (which manages and controls the British Library). Printed works as defined by the 2003 Act published by a local council therefore constitute materials which the British Library holds. The electronic files will be backed up on a cloud-based programme supplied by the

DOCUMENT	MINIMUM RETENTION PERIOD	REASON	DISPOSAL			
General correspondence	Unless it relates to specific categories	Management	Bin (shred confidential waste).			
	outlined in the policy, correspondence					
	should be kept electronically only.					
Correspondence relating to staff	If related to Audit, see relevant sections	After an employment relationship has	Confidential waste			
	above.	ended, a council may need to retain				
	Should be kept securely and personal	and access staff records for former				
	data in relation to staff should not be	staff for the purpose of giving				
	kept for longer than is necessary for the	references, payment of tax, national				
	purpose it was held. Likely time limits for	insurance contributions and pensions,				
	tribunal claims between 3-6 months.	and in respect of any related legal				
	Recommend this period be for 3 years.	claims made against the council.				
DOCUMENTS FROM LEGAL MATTERS, NEGLIGENCE AND OTHER TORTS						
• •	by the Limitation Act 1980 (as amended). The		·			
	re longer than other periods specified the do		er period specified. Some types of			
	or more categories. If in doubt, keep for the	longest of the three limitation periods.				
Negligence	6 years		Confidential waste			
Defamation	1 year		Confidential waste			
Contract	6 years		Confidential waste			
Leases	12 years		Confidential waste			
Sums recoverable by statute	6 years		Confidential waste			
Personal injury	3 years		Confidential waste			
To recover land	12 years		Confidential waste			
Rent	6 years		Confidential waste			
Breach of trust	None		Confidential waste			
Trust deeds	Indefinite		N/A			
FOR HALLS, CENTRES, RECREATION GF	ROUNDS					
 Application to hire 	6 years	VAT	Confidential waste			
 Invoices 						
 Record of tickets issued 						
Lettings diaries		VAT	21/2			
2000.185 4141.105	Electronic files linked to accounts	VAI	N/A			
Terms and conditions	Electronic files linked to accounts 6 years	Management	N/A Bin			

DOCUMENT	MINIMUM RETENTION PERIOD	REASON	DISPOSAL		
Register of fees collected	Indefinite	Archives	N/A		
Register of burials		Local Authorities Cemeteries Order			
 Register of purchased graves 		1977 (SI 204)			
Register/plan of grave spaces					
Register of memorials					
Applications for interment					
Applications for right to erect					
memorials					
 Disposal certificates 					
 Copy certificates of grant of 					
exclusive right of burial					
PLANNING PAPERS					
Local Plans	Retain as long as in force	Reference	Bin		
Local Development Plans	Retain as long as in force	Reference	Bin		
Town/Neighbourhood Plans	Indefinite – final adopted plans	Historical purposes	N/A		
CCTV					
Observation sheets	3 years	Data protection	Confidential waste		
Signing in sheets	3 years	Management	Confidential waste		
Review requests	3 years	Data protection	Confidential waste		
Internal Operations Procedure	Destroy on renewal. Review 3-yearly.	Management	Confidential waste		
Manual/Code of Practice					
Photographs/digital prints	31 days	Data protection	Code of Practice		